

Non-interactive zero-knowledge proof of SHE

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1 Notations

$G_1 = \langle g_1 \rangle$; DLP is hard,

$G_2 = \langle g_2 \rangle$; DLP is hard,

$sk = (s_1, s_2)$; secret keys,

$pk = (h_1, h_2)$; public keys where $h_1 = g_1^{s_1}$, $h_2 = g_2^{s_2}$.

$Enc(m) = (c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4) = (g_1^\rho, g_1^m h_1^\rho, g_2^\sigma, g_2^m h_2^\sigma)$ where $\rho, \sigma \leftarrow \mathbb{Z}_p$.

2 Equality of DLs

2.1 Prove

$r_\rho, r_\sigma, r_m \leftarrow \mathbb{Z}_p$,

$(R_1, R_2, R_3, R_4) = (g_1^{r_\rho}, g_1^{r_m} h_1^{r_\rho}, g_2^{r_\sigma}, g_2^{r_m} h_2^{r_\sigma})$,

$c = H(pp, pk, c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4, R_1, R_2, R_3, R_4)$,

$(s_\rho, s_\sigma, s_m) = (r_\rho + c\rho, r_\sigma + c\sigma, r_m + cm)$,

output $(c, s_\rho, s_\sigma, s_m)$.

2.2 Verify

verify $c = H(pp, pk, c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4, R'_1, R'_2, R'_3, R'_4)$,

where $(R'_1, R'_2, R'_3, R'_4) = (g_1^{s_\rho} / c_1^c, g_1^{s_m} h_1^{s_\rho} / c_2^c, g_2^{s_\sigma} / c_3^c, g_2^{s_m} h_2^{s_\sigma} / c_4^c)$.

2.3 Correctness

$$R'_1 = g_1^{s_\rho - c\rho} = g_1^{r_\rho} = R_1,$$

$$R'_2 = g_1^{s_m - cm} h_1^{s_\rho - c\rho} = g_1^{r_m} h_1^{r_\rho} = R_2,$$

$$R'_3 = g_2^{s_\sigma - c\sigma} = g_2^{r_\sigma} = R_3,$$

$$R'_4 = g_2^{s_m - cm} h_2^{s_\sigma - c\sigma} = g_2^{r_m} h_2^{r_\sigma} = R_4.$$

3 $m = 0$ or 1

3.1 Prove

$$\begin{aligned}d_{1-m}, s_{\rho, 1-m} &\leftarrow \mathbb{Z}_p, \\R_{1, 1-m} &= g_1^{s_{\rho, 1-m}} / c_1^{d_{1-m}}, \\R_{2, 1-m} &= h_1^{s_{\rho, 1-m}} / (c_2 / g_1^{1-m})^{d_{1-m}}, \\r_{\rho, m}, r_{\rho}, r_{\sigma}, r_m &\leftarrow \mathbb{Z}_p, \\R_{1, m} &= g_1^{r_{\rho, m}}, \\R_{2, m} &= h_1^{r_{\rho, m}}, \\c &= H(pp, pk, c_1, c_2, R_{1,0}, R_{2,0}, R_{1,1}, R_{2,1}), \\d_m &= c - d_{1-m}, \\s_{\rho, m} &= r_{\rho, m} + d_m \rho, \\&\text{output } (d_0, d_1, s_{\rho,0}, s_{\rho,1}).\end{aligned}$$

3.2 Verify

$$\begin{aligned}R'_{1,i} &= g_1^{s_{\rho,i}} / c_1^{d_i}, \text{ for } i = 0, 1, \\R'_{2,0} &= h_1^{s_{\rho,0}} / c_2^{d_0}, \\R'_{2,1} &= h_1^{s_{\rho,1}} / (c_2 / g_1)^{d_1}, \\c &= H(pp, pk, c_1, c_2, R'_{1,0}, R'_{2,0}, R'_{1,1}, R'_{2,1}), \\&\text{verify } c = d_0 + d_1.\end{aligned}$$

4 $m = 0$ or 1 and Equality of DLs

4.1 Prove

$$\begin{aligned}
d_{1-m}, s_{\rho,1-m} &\leftarrow \mathbb{Z}_p, \\
R_{1,1-m} &= g_1^{s_{\rho,1-m}} / c_1^{d_{1-m}}, \\
R_{2,1-m} &= h_1^{s_{\rho,1-m}} / (c_2 / g_1^{1-m})^{d_{1-m}}, \\
r_{\rho,m}, r_{\rho}, r_{\sigma}, r_m &\leftarrow \mathbb{Z}_p, \\
R_{1,m} &= g_1^{r_{\rho,m}}, \\
R_{2,m} &= h_1^{r_{\rho,m}}, \\
R_3 &= g_1^{r_{\rho}}, \\
R_4 &= g_1^{r_m} h_1^{r_{\rho}}, \\
R_5 &= g_2^{r_{\sigma}}, \\
R_6 &= g_2^{r_m} h_2^{r_{\sigma}}, \\
c &= H(pp, pk, c_1, c_2, R_{1,0}, R_{2,0}, R_{1,1}, R_{2,1}, R_3, \dots, R_6), \\
d_m &= c - d_{1-m}, \\
s_{\rho,m} &= r_{\rho,m} + d_m \rho, \\
s_{\rho} &= r_{\rho} + c \rho, \\
s_{\sigma} &= r_{\sigma} + c \sigma, \\
s_m &= r_m + c m, \\
\text{output} &(d_0, d_1, s_{\rho,0}, s_{\rho,1}, s_{\sigma}, s_{\rho}, s_m).
\end{aligned}$$

4.2 Verify

$$\begin{aligned}
R'_{1,i} &= g_1^{s_{\rho,i}} / c_1^{d_i}, \text{ for } i = 0, 1, \\
R'_{2,0} &= h_1^{s_{\rho,0}} / c_2^{d_0}, \\
R'_{2,1} &= h_1^{s_{\rho,1}} / (c_2 / g_1)^{d_1}, \\
R'_3 &= g_1^{s_{\rho}} / c_1^c, \\
R'_4 &= g_1^{s_m} h_1^{s_{\rho}} / c_2^c, \\
R'_5 &= g_2^{s_{\sigma}} / c_3^c, \\
R'_6 &= g_2^{s_m} h_2^{s_{\sigma}} / c_4^c, \\
\text{where } c &= d_0 + d_1, \\
\text{verify } c &= H(pp, pk, c_1, c_2, R_{1,0}, R_{2,0}, R_{1,1}, R_{2,1}, R'_3, \dots, R'_6).
\end{aligned}$$